



## SAN JACINTO.

## A FLYING TRIP TO THE BEAUTIFUL LITTLE VALLEY.

an Industries, Energetic Class of People—The Flower Garden of the South—Helen Hunt Jackson's Visit to the Valley.

Eighty miles a little south of east of Los Angeles lies perhaps the most beautiful and assuredly the most extensive valley in Southern California. It is the San Jacinto.

In this valley, right at the foot of the great San Jacinto mountains, lies the prettiest, healthiest and most beautiful town of the section. It is called Jacinto.

Just a little more than five years ago San Jacinto was down in the State directories as a small trading post, remote from the railroad and harboring only a few rancheros and a gang of bad Indians who rendered the country uninhabitable to civilized people.

But the San Jacinto of 1888 is different from San Jacinto of 1882 as night from day.

The ranches are no more, and the rancheros are gone, but the Indians have folded their blankets about town, who regales the visitors with a vivid, if not grammatical, account of the fight which made him famous.

The valley is a picture full of legend and tradition which need but a novelist's touch to weave into most bewitching romance. Mrs. Jackson might have written a book on the subject, but she has been at a loss for a theme of popular poetry.

Last Tuesday morning a party of excursionists, 75 in number, left the city by the San Jacinto and San Jacinto under escort of gentlemen from the valley. The very first ant trip was made to Perris on the cars, at which point carriages were in waiting, from thence a drive of three hours through the valley, green and gray, to San Jacinto.

They were hospitably received by the people of the town, and for three days were given a hearty welcome, and at once recognized its wealth of undeveloped resources. They saw what a new and bold make of this region, all now favored by Nature's hand, and went to work.

The valley is divided into two sections, the meseta and the aridian belt. The latter is the valley floor, the former the meseta. It takes its name from the number of aridian wells which have been sunk upon it. In the early part of 1884 a company was formed for the purpose of the San Jacinto Land Association, and the San Jacinto Land Company was begun.

The company, as an experiment, sunk the first aridian well that year.

The well was a success, and from that time the success of the valley was not questioned.

To trace the steps which mark the advancement of the region is useless here. The town and the valley as they are now is told.

San Jacinto town is in the heart of the aridian belt. A census was taken two weeks ago, and 220 souls were counted.

The town and its inhabitants are regularly laid off into blocks, streets and avenues, and is well built up.

The residences are neat, if not pretentious, and the town is well built up and all substantial.

On the first of January last, a State bank opened its doors for business, with a capital stock of \$100,000, and has had a prosperous year. The bank building is a good one.

The public school building is the handsomest of the town. It is brick, two stories high, and cost \$10,000.

During nine months of the year, the school is kept open, and Edward Haynes is principal, and is assisted by six teachers. Standing near the school is the Methodist Church, also built of stone, a cost of about \$6000.

Beside this the Congregationalists have a brick church, which cost \$2000; the Holiness Band has a small building, the Catholics have a semi-annual service, and the Protestant congregation will be organized shortly.

There are two hotels, the Glendale and the Lookout, the first accommodating about 50 persons, and the second about 200.

There are three large companies, the Fairview Land and Water Company, the Hemet Land and Water Company, and Estudillo Land and Water Company, make their headquarters in the valley. The Fairview Land and Water Company has a plant already laid pipe and put over their tract, five miles east of the town, the pure mountain water. The pretty little town of Jacinto is built on the water.

The Fairview Land and Water Company is arranging to construct a large reservoir at the foot of a canon, which will furnish water sufficient to irrigate 1000 acres.

The Estudillo company owns lands in the aridian belt, and will furnish water from aridian wells.

The Hemet Land and Water Company has also been built near the badhouse, and work is to be shortly begun. These three corporations have the good of the valley in hand, and are fixed on a firm financial basis.

Among the industries may be mentioned a box factory for the manufacture of boxes from cottonwood timber, a planing-mill, a lumber yard, a three-story brick building, and three brick-yards.

The supply of water is practically unlimited, and, besides the two companies now at work, there is a small building, the Lookout, which cost \$1000.

The Lookout is built on the open air, a ledge.

The brick made in these kilns are of excellent quality, and are sold at \$8 per 1000.

The water rates from the post office are the hot springs of the valley. The water is drawn from beneath a limestone ledge, and at the point where it first reaches the outer air it is hot enough to boil an egg.

The springs are located in the meseta, and it has been their custom to resort to its healing waters for the cure of every disease or pain.

The water is thought to possess curative qualities, and a company has purchased the springs and built over them a good bathhouse with eight bathing tubs for either hot or cold water.

A small hotel capable of accommodating twenty persons has been built, and special attention for the care of invalids has also been built near the bathhouse, and is in the charge of a family who remain to become very popular as a health resort.

The valley is rich in two things, so rare in Southern California,即, no salinity and water. The San Jacinto River, in winter a rushing, turbulent stream, runs nearly dry in the warmest weather no ice is needed to render it fit for drinking purposes.

The many springs at the bottom of the mountains and the streams upon the mountain tops furnish still another supply.

Irrigation costs little. These two things of water and wood alone place the San Jacinto valley above all others to those seeking a home.

The soil of the valley is varied from the high ground of the meseta to the low land around the badhouse.

The meseta, fine rained grapes, corn, and all kinds of fruit.

The grazing for stock is exceedingly fine. Fruit-trees and vineyards are rapidly being put in.

The aridian belt over 100 wells have been sunk, and are giving a steady and bountiful supply.

Water is found in heavy streams at over 2000 feet above sea level.

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**The Times.**

BY THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY, H. G. OTIS, President and General Manager. ALBERT MCALPIN, Vice-President and General Manager. WM. A. SPALDING, Secretary.

"The Times" has a larger bona fide circulation than any other newspaper published in Southern California.

In one of the districts of Shawnee county, Kan., a mother and daughter are pupils in the same school, and both are of school age.

A sign of our growing importance is the establishment of a system of daily exchanged registered pouches between New York and Los Angeles.

It seems strange that this country can't raise enough of an article like potatoes for home consumption. Four hundred and fifty thousand bushels of foreign potatoes have already been received in New York this year.

It is a peculiarity of the Legislative system of New Jersey that it takes only a majority vote in both branches of the Legislature to pass a bill over an executive veto. This is reducing the veto power to a rather fine point.

The Denver Cattle Trust has closed a contract with the French Government to supply the French army with 150,000 head of beef cattle annually. The manner in which distance has been annihilated is aptly shown by this fact.

The Salvation Army is generally credited with producing nothing but wind, but it has done some good in London by establishing a cheap food depot, where for 1 penny an adult receives refreshment and a night's lodging.

ROBERT G. INGERSOLL has written a new platform and it is by no means a bad one. He says:

"I am more and more inclined that I will never again vote for a man who is not distinguished for something, who hasn't got some brains."

It is stated that in the "adulteration" of lard last year there were used in the United States 50,000,000 pounds of cotton seed oil. Now they had better tell us how many million pounds of hog fat were used to adulterate cotton seed oil.

In those eastern cities where the Chinese population is largest there is a very decided tendency toward the Californian view of Chinese immigration. Close contact with the alighted-eyed oriental does not improve the estimate of his character and habits.

The railroad engineers' strike appears to be farther from settlement than ever. In fact, it is spreading, and it looks now as if Southern California would become involved, through the Atchison system. This is probably the most wide-spread strike of railroad men that has ever occurred, and the outcome of the difficulty will be watched with much interest and anxiety.

The Florida Times very pathetically and sympathetically remarks:

"We do not rejoice on account of the depression in California. It has not built up on its merits. Its people have found out that the last thing in the world they ought to want is a bogus boom."

Southern California was very foolish to go hunting round after a bogus boom when she has enough genuine ones, with no indication of a collapse in her unparalleled prosperity and growth. Her grapes are not sour.

In the March number of the *Andover Review*, Edward W. Bemis of Springfield has a paper on the restriction of immigration, in which he shows the startling manner in which our immigrants have deteriorated, so that now, instead of being the industrious, able-bodied, intelligent and energetic individuals of their respective nations, they are very largely the thrifless, diseased, ignorant and unprogressive. He refers to European statistics, which make it evident that the immigration from Ireland, which once came from the thrifless and industrious people of the north, comes now, in the largest measure, from the poverty-stricken, illiterate western counties; that in Germany our immigrants, which once were drawn from the rich western provinces along the Rhine, are now chiefly from the poorer population of Eastern Germany, along the Polish and Austrian frontier, and that the Italian, Polish and Hungarian immigration, which not long ago was inconceivable, has for some seven years past, enormously increased. Dr. Bemis quotes some ominous statistics, showing that the proportion of unskilled day laborers has reached 55.8 per cent. of the total immigration—56 per cent. of the Hungarians, 67 per cent. of the Austrians, 60 per cent. of the Italians, and 55 per cent. of the Irish, while the country's need of unskilled labor has steadily decreased.

Liberty in Germany.

A local contemporary refers to the late Emperor of Germany as "the best liberal sovereign by his own people of modern times."

*De mortuis nil nisi bonum* is a good rule, but it does not necessarily follow that the departed must be credited

with attributes which they never possessed. When it comes to calling a man "the most liberal sovereign of modern times," who as Crown Prince shot his countrymen down like dogs, and as Emperor was the chief upholder of the most grinding system of militarism that a people ever staggered under, is pushing the facts pretty close. With exception of Turkey, there is no country in Europe where the individual subject has enjoyed less personal liberty and governmental supervision than in Germany under the late Emperor. The rights of civilians have been made in every way subservient to the aggrandizement of the army, whose idol he naturally was. An idea of the extent to which personal liberty has prevailed in Germany which has been caused by the proclamation of the new Emperor, in which he shocks the aristocratic and military element by actually leaving to his subjects the privilege of deciding how long and in what manner they should mourn for his father.

Probably the Poles, the Jews and the Catholics might also have something to say regarding the "liberality" of the late Emperor.

W. T. COLEMAN is considerably spoken of as the coming man for Vice-president on the Democratic ticket.

AMUSEMENTS.

**GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.**—A moderately well-filled house was assembled last night to witness the first production here of Millock's opera, the *Vice Admiral* by the Comedie Opera Company. The work is not such a popular favorite as the *Beggar Student* by the same composer; neither is it likely to be so well thought of as the *Gypsy Baron* as presented by the same company. It contains a few good songs, but the strength of opera is in the concerted pieces, and notably in the finale of the second act, which was haled with a storm of applause. The work was well received by the orchestra provided by the management. The company here unprovided with instruments, and it is small credit to the Los Angeles players to be able to accompany as entirely as they have done on such short notice.

The *Vice-Admiral* will be repeated to-night.

**GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.**—Commencing next Tuesday night, and continuing throughout the week, with Wednesdays and Saturday matinees, *A Holi in the Ground*, by Charles H. Hoyt, author of many of the successful plays of the past few years, will occupy the boards. This is Mr. Hoyt's latest, and it is claimed, his greatest effort. The play is at present crowding the Bush-street Theater, San Francisco, and will doubtless have a great run here.

**PAVILION.**—*Prince Methusalem* was repeated last night, and this evening *Millock's Beggar Student* will be given, with Mr. Fiske the leading part.

MEN AND WOMEN OF THE COAST.

C. D. Pierce has been elected Mayor of Oakland.

Judge Hoffman of San Francisco has almost recovered his health, and resumed his official duties.

Special Agent Tingle of the Treasury Department is expected to return to San Francisco this week from the East.

Thomas R. Bard of Ventura has qualified as executor of the Scott estate, and will yield to it its strikers' demands for the return of Santa Fe.

Mrs. Charles Crocker was found \$10,000 in the Women's Christian Association of San Francisco, for a girl's home.

Wash Woodbury, three times elected Assessor of White Pine, died recently at San Buenaventura, where he was engaged in the lumber business.

**GENERAL TIE-UP.**—*Newton* (Kan.), March 15.—At 4 o'clock all the engineers and firemen of freight trains and switch engines on the Santa Fe from this point left the cars and went on strike. A few passenger trains are still running, but it is not known how long they will continue. Newton is headquarters of the middle division of the Santa Fe, and the men here are failing to work.

**GENERAL TIE-UP.**—*Philadelphia* (Kan.), March 15.—The brotherhood engineers of the Santa Fe system at this point abandoned their engines today at 4 o'clock. No explanation is given for such an action, but it is proposed to be taken on account of the Santa Fe taking Chicago, Burlington and Quincy freight.

**GENERAL TIE-UP FEARED.**—*Denver* (Colo.), March 15.—The superintendent of the Santa Fe Company tonight stated that he has no information as to the exact hour the engineers and firemen on his road would go out, but he understood that it had been decided that the men would not strike.

**GENERAL TIE-UP.**—*Philadelphia* (Kan.), March 15.—It has been decided that the men will not strike until 11 o'clock yesterday morning, when a relief party succeeded in getting the hungry and half-frozen passengers off the cars.

**GENERAL TIE-UP.**—*Chicago* (Ill.), March 15.—The strike of the engineers and firemen on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad is on, and it is understood that it goes to the limit.

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SALE OF  
REDONDO BEACH LOTS!

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NAME	ADDRESS	LOT	NAME	ADDRESS	LOT	NAME	ADDRESS	LOT	NAME	ADDRESS	LOT	NAME	ADDRESS	LOT
Adam, J.	Los Angeles	1	Cook, C. A.	Los Angeles	1	Hollman, M. S.	Los Angeles	1	Plummer, A. W.	Los Angeles	1	Smith, Sam S.	Los Angeles	1
Asm. Morris, M. J.	do	2	Curry, Bell & Co.	do	2	Horsley, Freddie J.	do	2	Power, H.	do	2	Strong, J. B.	do	2
Atkins, Mrs. Fred.	do	3	do	do	3	Hudson, J. W.	do	3	Power, Joe.	do	3	Slater, J. H.	Pasadena	3
Amesbury, Domingo.	do	4	Clark, Henry	do	4	Hamilton, A. N.	do	4	Phillips, T. F.	do	4	Smith, F. G.	Los Angeles	4
Alexander, Mr. D. B.	do	5	Cleveland, W. L.	do	5	Hutton, Southerland.	do	5	Finney, M.	do	5	Smith, Barney.	do	5
Almond, Mrs. A.	do	6	do	do	6	Harvey, W. H.	do	6	Parsons, George W.	do	6	Shrode, W. H.	Pasadena	6
Anderson, Rev. S. T.	Riverside	7	Carson, Geo.	do	7	Harvey, J. Dowsey	do	7	Leamon, Anna E.	do	7	Smith, Mrs. F. E.	Los Angeles	7
Anderson, Mrs. A.	Los Angeles	8	Casterline, W. M.	do	8	Harris, Emily & Bro.	do	8	Leverett, W. N.	do	8	Street, Alfred E.	do	8
Anderson, Mrs. A.	Alhambra	9	Sherriff, Madie	do	9	Herschell, Dr. Phil.	do	9	Phillips, Anson	do	9	Schuster, Mrs. C.	do	9
Anderson, Mrs. A.	Los Angeles	10	Crowden, Ing. W.	Los Angeles	10	Heinemann, C. F.	do	10	Learned, C. H.	Pasadena	10	Skofstad, Mrs. Cornellia	do	10
Anderson, G. B.	Alhambra	11	Clarkson, J. M.	do	11	Heinrich, E.	do	11	Leitch, T. T.	do	11	Smith, Mrs. G.	Los Angeles	11
Anderson, Mrs. A.	Los Angeles	12	Lincoln, Cal.	do	12	Hudson, S. C.	do	12	Phillips, John G.	do	12	Smith, Mrs. H.	Los Angeles	12
Anderson, George.	do	13	Lincoln, L. R.	Los Angeles	13	Hyatt, E.	do	13	Phillips, John G.	do	13	Smith, Mrs. H.	Los Angeles	13
Anderson, G. A.	do	14	Cadman, J.	Lincoln, Ind.	14	Hickey, Miss S. E.	do	14	Finney, H. B.	do	14	Smith, Mrs. H.	Los Angeles	14
Anderson, W.	do	15	McNeil, V.	Los Angeles	15	Hicks, H.	do	15	Payne, W. C.	Pasadena	15	Smith, Mrs. H.	Los Angeles	15
Andrews, O. N.	Lugonia	16	Cohn, Max.	do	16	Hill, H. U.	do	16	McFarland, C. M.	do	16	Smith, Mrs. H.	Pasadena	16
Anderson, W.	do	17	Hammond, W. F. S.	do	17	Holmes, W. H.	do	17	Meeker, Joseph	do	17	Smith, Mrs. H.	Los Angeles	17
Anderson, W.	do	18	Harris, E.	do	18	Holmes, W. H.	do	18	Quarre, Emile	do	18	Smith, Mrs. H.	Los Angeles	18
Anderson, W.	do	19	Hart, C. A.	do	19	Hughes, W. E.	do	19	Quinn, J. A.	do	19	Smith, Mrs. H.	Los Angeles	19
Anderson, W.	do	20	Hawford, Mrs. J. J.	do	20	Hughes, W. E.	do	20	Reed, Frank	do	20	Smith, Mrs. H.	Los Angeles	20
Anderson, W.	do	21	Hughes, W. G.	do	21	Hutchinson, M. J.	do	21	Hudson, Sarah E.	Alton, Ill.	21	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	21
Anderson, W.	do	22	Hughes, W. G.	do	22	Hyatt, W. H.	do	22	Iliff, Miss S. E.	do	22	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	22
Anderson, W.	do	23	Iliff, W. H.	do	23	Iliff, W. H.	do	23	Iliff, W. H.	do	23	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	23
Anderson, W.	do	24	Iliff, W. H.	do	24	Iliff, W. H.	do	24	Iliff, W. H.	do	24	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	24
Anderson, W.	do	25	Iliff, W. H.	do	25	Iliff, W. H.	do	25	Iliff, W. H.	do	25	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	25
Anderson, W.	do	26	Iliff, W. H.	do	26	Iliff, W. H.	do	26	Iliff, W. H.	do	26	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	26
Anderson, W.	do	27	Iliff, W. H.	do	27	Iliff, W. H.	do	27	Iliff, W. H.	do	27	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	27
Anderson, W.	do	28	Iliff, W. H.	do	28	Iliff, W. H.	do	28	Iliff, W. H.	do	28	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	28
Anderson, W.	do	29	Iliff, W. H.	do	29	Iliff, W. H.	do	29	Iliff, W. H.	do	29	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	29
Anderson, W.	do	30	Iliff, W. H.	do	30	Iliff, W. H.	do	30	Iliff, W. H.	do	30	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	30
Anderson, W.	do	31	Iliff, W. H.	do	31	Iliff, W. H.	do	31	Iliff, W. H.	do	31	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	31
Anderson, W.	do	32	Iliff, W. H.	do	32	Iliff, W. H.	do	32	Iliff, W. H.	do	32	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	32
Anderson, W.	do	33	Iliff, W. H.	do	33	Iliff, W. H.	do	33	Iliff, W. H.	do	33	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	33
Anderson, W.	do	34	Iliff, W. H.	do	34	Iliff, W. H.	do	34	Iliff, W. H.	do	34	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	34
Anderson, W.	do	35	Iliff, W. H.	do	35	Iliff, W. H.	do	35	Iliff, W. H.	do	35	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	35
Anderson, W.	do	36	Iliff, W. H.	do	36	Iliff, W. H.	do	36	Iliff, W. H.	do	36	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	36
Anderson, W.	do	37	Iliff, W. H.	do	37	Iliff, W. H.	do	37	Iliff, W. H.	do	37	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	37
Anderson, W.	do	38	Iliff, W. H.	do	38	Iliff, W. H.	do	38	Iliff, W. H.	do	38	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	38
Anderson, W.	do	39	Iliff, W. H.	do	39	Iliff, W. H.	do	39	Iliff, W. H.	do	39	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	39
Anderson, W.	do	40	Iliff, W. H.	do	40	Iliff, W. H.	do	40	Iliff, W. H.	do	40	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	40
Anderson, W.	do	41	Iliff, W. H.	do	41	Iliff, W. H.	do	41	Iliff, W. H.	do	41	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	41
Anderson, W.	do	42	Iliff, W. H.	do	42	Iliff, W. H.	do	42	Iliff, W. H.	do	42	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	42
Anderson, W.	do	43	Iliff, W. H.	do	43	Iliff, W. H.	do	43	Iliff, W. H.	do	43	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	43
Anderson, W.	do	44	Iliff, W. H.	do	44	Iliff, W. H.	do	44	Iliff, W. H.	do	44	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	44
Anderson, W.	do	45	Iliff, W. H.	do	45	Iliff, W. H.	do	45	Iliff, W. H.	do	45	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	45
Anderson, W.	do	46	Iliff, W. H.	do	46	Iliff, W. H.	do	46	Iliff, W. H.	do	46	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	46
Anderson, W.	do	47	Iliff, W. H.	do	47	Iliff, W. H.	do	47	Iliff, W. H.	do	47	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	47
Anderson, W.	do	48	Iliff, W. H.	do	48	Iliff, W. H.	do	48	Iliff, W. H.	do	48	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	48
Anderson, W.	do	49	Iliff, W. H.	do	49	Iliff, W. H.	do	49	Iliff, W. H.	do	49	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	49
Anderson, W.	do	50	Iliff, W. H.	do	50	Iliff, W. H.	do	50	Iliff, W. H.	do	50	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	50
Anderson, W.	do	51	Iliff, W. H.	do	51	Iliff, W. H.	do	51	Iliff, W. H.	do	51	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	51
Anderson, W.	do	52	Iliff, W. H.	do	52	Iliff, W. H.	do	52	Iliff, W. H.	do	52	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	52
Anderson, W.	do	53	Iliff, W. H.	do	53	Iliff, W. H.	do	53	Iliff, W. H.	do	53	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	53
Anderson, W.	do	54	Iliff, W. H.	do	54	Iliff, W. H.	do	54	Iliff, W. H.	do	54	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	54
Anderson, W.	do	55	Iliff, W. H.	do	55	Iliff, W. H.	do	55	Iliff, W. H.	do	55	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	55
Anderson, W.	do	56	Iliff, W. H.	do	56	Iliff, W. H.	do	56	Iliff, W. H.	do	56	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	56
Anderson, W.	do	57	Iliff, W. H.	do	57	Iliff, W. H.	do	57	Iliff, W. H.	do	57	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	57
Anderson, W.	do	58	Iliff, W. H.	do	58	Iliff, W. H.	do	58	Iliff, W. H.	do	58	Stevens, J. F.	Pasadena	58
Anderson, W.	do	59	Iliff, W. H.	do	59									



